

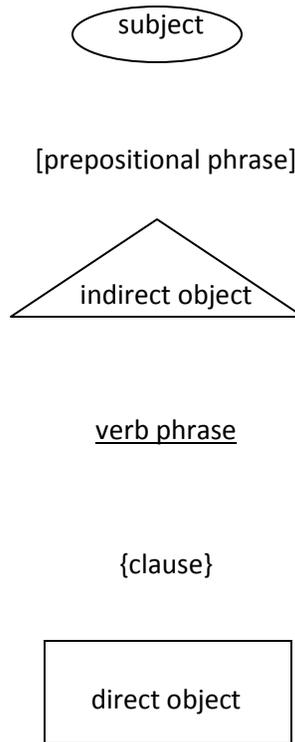
**Grammar Day One**

Glue or tape the passage from *The Elegance of the Hedgehog* into the first page of your new grammar notebook.

**Turn the page (back of the hedgehog page). Write in these notes.**

Phrase = a group of related words that is used as a single part of speech and does not contain a verb and its subject.

Key for sentences:



Subject is the person or thing doing the verb.

Phrase that begins with a preposition

Tells to whom or for whom an action is done

Main verb and any helpers

A group of words containing a subject and verb which forms part of a sentence

A direct object receives the action of the verb.

**Go to next page.**

Examples of how to use the sentence key.

The student read a poem.

The student [with a red backpack] read a poem.

The student [with a red backpack ]read her mother's poem.

Practice sentences – Identify the sentence parts.

The student enters the classroom.

The student by the window saw the car accident.

The student next to Jim gave Ariel the book.

***Turn the page.***

Adjectival phrases – a prepositional phrase that modifies a noun or a pronoun. These phrases must have a preposition.

Our flight [from Atlanta] [to Houston] was delayed.

Everyone [on my soccer team] shared the same experience.

The bag [of popcorn] and box [of nails] sit on the table.

These are two [of our most beautiful bouquets.]\*

\*"two" is a predicative nominative; therefore, the phrase is adjectival.

***On the rest of this page and onto the next page***

Write 20 sentences that contain adjectival phrases. Be sure to mark the phrases using the proper indicator.

Write a 21<sup>st</sup> sentence that contains an adjectival phrase. This sentence must come from a source like a book, a show, a song, etc. Cite your source.